HB1791 FULLPCS2 Mike Osburn-TJ 3/1/2023 4:19:37 pm

## COMMITTEE AMENDMENT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend <u>HB1791</u> Of the printed Bill Page Section Lines Of the Engrossed Bill

By striking the Title, the Enacting Clause, the entire bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Amendment submitted by: Mike Osburn

Adopted: \_\_\_\_\_

Reading Clerk

1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)
З	PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR
5	HOUSE BILL NO. 1791 By: Osburn
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8	PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
9	An Act relating to public health and safety; amending 63 O.S. 2021, Section 5051.1, which relates to
10	recovery from tortfeasors of amounts paid for medical expenses of injured and diseased persons; clarifying
11	the priority of medical costs over all other damages; prioritizing certain liens; allowing negotiation on
12	certain liens; providing the method for determining
13	the amount to be recovered against a party that received payment; providing the method for
14	determining the amount to be recovered against a third-party payer; providing the method for
15	determining the amount to be recovered when a payment is made by a payor that is less than the judgment or
16	settlement amount; providing the method for
ΤÜ	determining the amount to be recovered when a payor's payment equals or exceeds the judgment or settlement
17	amount; providing the method for determining the amount to be recovered when a payor incurs
18	procurement costs because of opposition to its
19	recovery; providing a recovery worksheet; providing the method to determine the amount to be recovered
20	from a beneficiary; providing the method to determine the amount to be refunded; and providing an effective
21	date.
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24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

1SECTION 1.AMENDATORY63 O.S. 2021, Section 5051.1, is2amended to read as follows:

Section 5051.1 A. 1. The payment of medical expenses by the 3 Oklahoma Health Care Authority for or on behalf of or the receipt of 4 5 medical assistance by a person who has been injured, passed away, or who has suffered a disease as a result of the negligence or act of 6 7 another person creates a debt to the Authority, subject to recovery by legal action pursuant to this section. Damages for medical costs 8 9 are considered a priority over all other damages and should shall be paid by the tortfeasor prior to all other damages being allocated or 10 11 paid.

12 2. The payment of medical expenses by the Authority for or on 13 behalf of a person who has been injured or who has suffered a 14 disease, and either has a claim or may have a claim against an 15 insurer, to the extent recoverable, creates a debt to the Authority 16 whether or not such person asserts or maintains a claim against an 17 insurer-:

18		a. such claim or possible claim cannot be assigned by the
19		person receiving medical care to any provider, and
20		b. no provider may require assignment of subrogation
21		rights against any possible liable third party as a
22		condition for providing medical care.
23	в.	The Authority shall provide notice to all recipients of
24	medical	assistance at the time of application for such assistance of

1 their obligation to report any claim or action, and any judgment,
2 settlement or compromise arising from the claim or action, for
3 injury or illness for which the Authority makes payments for medical
4 assistance.

5 C. The recipient of medical assistance from the Authority for 6 an injury or disease who asserts a claim or maintains an action 7 against another on account of the injury or disease, or the 8 recipient's legal representative, shall notify the Authority of the 9 claim or action and of any judgment, settlement or compromise 10 arising from the claim or action prior to the final judgment, 11 settlement or compromise.

D. If the injured or diseased person asserts or maintains a claim against another person or tortfeasor on account of the injury or disease, the Authority:

15 Shall have a lien upon payment of the medical assistance to 1. 16 the extent of the total amount so paid upon that part going or 17 belonging to the injured or diseased person of any recovery or sum 18 had or collected or to be collected by the injured or diseased 19 person up to the amount of the damages for the total medical 20 expenses, or by the heirs, personal representative or next of kin in 21 case of the death of the person, whether by judgment or by 22 settlement or compromise. The lien authorized by this subsection 23 shall:

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1 have priority over all other liens except any lien by a. 2 CMS/Medicare and be inferior only to a lien or claim of the attorney or attorneys handling the claim on 3 4 behalf of the injured or diseased person, the heirs or 5 personal representative, not be applied or considered valid against any 6 b. 7 temporary or permanent disability award of the claimant due under the Workers' Compensation Act, 8 9 с. be applied and considered valid as against any insurer adjudged responsible for medical expenses under the 10 11 Workers' Compensation Act, and 12 be applied and considered valid as to the entire d. 13 settlement, after the claim of the attorney or 14 attorneys for fees and costs, unless a more limited 15 allocation of damages to medical expenses is shown by 16 clear and convincing evidence; 17 2. A lien reduction pursuant to Section 994.2 of Title 12 of 18 the Oklahoma Statutes may be negotiated further by the Authority 19 provided that the injured person, the personal representative, or 20 attorney has made a good-faith effort to negotiate a reduction; 21 2. 3. May take any other legal action necessary to recover the 22 amount so paid or to be paid to the injured or diseased person or to 23 the heirs, personal representative or next of kin in case of the 24 death of the person; and

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3. <u>4.</u> Shall have the right to file a written notice of its lien
 in any action commenced by the injured or diseased person.

E. The Authority, to secure and enforce the right of recovery or reimbursement on behalf of the injured or diseased person, may initiate and prosecute any action or proceeding against any other person or tortfeasor who may be liable to the injured or diseased person, if the injured or diseased person has not initiated any legal proceedings against the other person or tortfeasor.

9 F. Any person or insurer that has been notified by the Authority of a claim of lien authorized by this section and who, 10 11 directly or indirectly, pays to the recipient any money as a 12 settlement or compromise of the recipient's claim arising out of the 13 injury shall be liable to the Authority for the money value of the 14 medical assistance rendered by the Authority in an amount not in 15 excess of the amount to which the recipient was entitled to recover 16 from the tortfeasor or insurer because of the injury.

G. A Medicaid special needs trust for the purposes of establishing or maintaining Medicaid eligibility shall not be approved until such time as the Authority has been made whole and paid in full for all paid medical claims which are associated with the action.

H. A Medicaid recipient must notify the Authority prior to a
compromise or settlement against a third party in which the

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Authority has provided or has become obligated to provide medical
 assistance.

3 I. As used in this section:

1. "Medical expenses" includes the cost of hospital, medical,
 surgical and dental services, care and treatment, rehabilitation,
 and prostheses and medical appliances, and nursing and funeral
 services;

8 2. "Person" includes, in addition to an individual, the 9 guardian of an individual, and the administrator or executor of the 10 estate of an individual, and a corporation; and

II 3. "Insurer" means any insurance company that administers accident and health policies or plans or that administers any other type insurance policy containing medical provisions, and any nonprofit hospital service and indemnity and medical service and indemnity corporation, actually engaged in business in the state, regardless of where the insurance contract is written, or plan is administered or where such corporation is incorporated.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 994.3 of Title 12, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Recovery against the party that received payment.

22 1. General rule. Any payor of money benefits with recovery or 23 reimbursement rights by contract or statute reduces its recovery to

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1 take account of the cost of procuring the judgment or settlement from a third party, as provided in this section, if: 2 procurement costs are incurred because the claim is 3 a. 4 disputed, and 5 b. those costs are borne by the party against which the 6 payor seeks to recover. 7 2. Special rule. If a payor must file suit because the party that received payment opposes the payor's recovery, the recovery 8 9 amount is as set forth in subsection E of this section. 10 B. Recovery against the third-party payer. If the payor seeks recovery from the third-party payer, the recovery amount will be no 11 greater than the amount determined under subsection C, D or E of 12 13 this section. 14 C. Payments made by a payor that are less than the judgment or 15 settlement amount. If a payor's payments are less than the judgment 16 or settlement amount, the recovery is computed as follows: 17 1. Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the total 18 judgment or settlement payment; 19 2. Apply the ratio to the person or entity's payment. The 20 product is the payor's share of procurement costs; and 21 3. Subtract the payor's share of procurement costs from his or 22 her claimed payments. The remainder is the payor's recovery amount. 23 D. A payor's payments that equals or exceeds the judgment or 24 settlement amount. If payor's payments equal or exceed the judgment

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or settlement amount, the recovery amount is the total judgment or
 settlement payment minus the total procurement costs.

E. The payor incurs procurement costs because of opposition to its recovery. If the payor must bring suit against the party that received payment because that party opposes the recovery, the recovery amount is the lower of the following:

7 1. The person or entity's payment; or

8 2. The total judgment or settlement amount, minus the party's9 total procurement cost.

F. Recovery worksheet. The amount to be recovered from the beneficiary is the amount payor paid, less a proportionate share of the costs of procuring the judgment or settlement. The amount to be refunded is determined as follows:

14 If the payor's payment is less than the amount of judgment or 15 settlement:

16 1. Determine the ratio of the payments to the total amount of 17 the judgment or settlement;

Apply this ratio to the costs of procuring the judgment or
 settlement, including attorney fees; and

3. Subtract the payor's share of procurement costs from their
payments. The remainder is the amount of reimbursement to be
refunded to the payor seeking recovery of payments.

23 Step 1:

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1	Payor's Payment Judgment/Settlement Ratio		
2	Carry out 6 digits		
3	Step 2:		
4	X \$ =		
5	Ratio from Step 1 Procurement Costs Payor's Share of		
6	Carry out 6 digits Procurement Cost		
7	Step 3:		
8	\$ \$ =		
9	Payor's Payment Payor's Share of Refund to Payor		
10	Procurement Costs		
11	G. If the payor's payments equal or exceed the amount of the		
12	judgment or settlement, subtract the total procurement costs from		
13	the judgment or settlement. The remainder is the amount of		
14	reimbursement to be refunded to the payor. The beneficiary will not		
15	be required to refund more than the liability insurance payment		
16	minus the procurement costs.		
17	\$ \$ = \$		
18	Judgment/Settlement Procurement Costs Refund		
19	SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.		
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21	59-1-7875 TJ 03/01/23		
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